

# NAIL MAGAZINE FOR NAILING GUN

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 1. Field of the Invention

5           The present invention relates to nailing guns and, more specifically, to a nail magazine for nailing gun, which is practical for use with T-nails as well as U-nails.

### 2. Description of the Related Art

          Regular nails for use in nailing guns include two types, namely, the T-nails and the U-nails. The nail magazines of regular nailing guns fit only one specific type of  
10   nails. Although there are nail magazines capable of accepting T-nails as well as U-nails, however these dual-use nail magazines are still not satisfactory in function.

          FIG. 1 is a sectional front-end view of a dual-use nail magazine according to the prior art. According to this design, the dual-use nail magazine comprises a housing 1, a nail guide 2, a T-nail groove 3 and a U-nail groove 4 defined in the housing 1. The  
15   longitudinal groove section 3a of the T-nail groove 3 forms one side section 4a of the U-nail groove 4, i.e., the T-nail groove 3 is biased to one side of the U-nail groove 4 relative to the axis L of the path of the firing pin 5 of the nailing gun. As illustrated in FIG. 1, the whole area of the top side of the U-nail 6 receives compact from the bottom side of the firing pin 5, i.e., the U-nail 6 is evenly forced into the workpiece. When  
20   driving a T-nail 7 as shown in FIG. 2, the top side of the T-nail 7 receives impact from only a part of the bottom side of the firing nail 5, i.e., the pressure of the firing pin 5 is not evenly applied to the T-nail 7, and the T-nail 7 tends to be deformed during nailing.

          Further, the aforesaid nail magazine is not suitable for accommodating big-size T-nails 7 because excessive long T-nails tend to be deformed during nailing.  
25   According to this design, the longitudinal groove section 3a of the T-nail groove 3 is



made equal to the height 4a of the U-nail groove 4. This design limits the application range of the nail magazine.

Therefore, it is desirable to provide a nail magazine that eliminates the aforesaid problems.

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## **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

It is therefore the main object of the present invention to provide a nail magazine that fits T-nails as well as U-nails.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a nail magazine that  
10 keeps the nails in coincidence with the axis of the path of the firing pin.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a nail magazine that fits different sizes of T-nails.

To achieve these objects of the present invention, the nail magazine for alternatively accommodating T-nails or U-nails comprises a housing having a  
15 receiving chamber therein, a nailing track fastened to a front end of the housing and provided with a bottom notch in alignment with the receiving chamber, a nail guide mounted in the receiving chamber for support nails loaded in the housing, a nail pusher mounted inside the housing for pushing the loaded nails toward the bottom notch of the nailing track, and a stop block. The nailing track further comprises a first nail hole  
20 upwardly extended from the bottom notch. The stop block is positioned in the bottom notch of the nailing track. The stop block has a top side, a left side and a right side, which define with a peripheral wall of the bottom notch of the nailing track a second nail hole. The stop block further has a top cut groove downwardly extended from the top side thereof and in alignment with the first nail hole. When T-nails are used and  
25 loaded in the housing, the loaded T-nails are forced by the nail pusher to pass through

the first nail hole and the top cut groove. When U-nails are used and loaded in the housing, the loaded U-nails are forced by the nail pushers to pass through the second nail hole.

## **5 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

FIG. 1 is a sectional front-end view of a dual-use nail magazine according to the prior art.

FIG. 2 is similar to FIG. 1 but showing T-nails used instead of U-nails.

FIG. 3 is an exploded view of a nail magazine according to the present  
10 invention.

FIG. 4 is a perspective view showing the housing of the nail magazine coupled with the nail guide according to the present invention.

FIG. 5 is a perspective view showing a firing pin coupled to the nailing track of the nail magazine according to the present invention.

15 FIG. 6 is a front view of FIG. 5.

FIG. 7 is a perspective view in an enlarged scale of the clamp shown in FIG.  
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FIG. 8 is similar to FIG. 5 but showing the T-nail in the firing position.

FIG. 9 is a front view of FIG. 8.

20 FIG. 10 is similar to FIG. 9 but showing the T-nail driven out of the nail magazine.

FIG. 11 is similar to FIG. 9 but showing the U-nail in the firing position.

FIG. 12 is similar to FIG. 11 but showing the U-nail driven out of the nail magazine.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to FIG.S. 3~7, a nail magazine 100 fits T-nails 101 (see FIG. 9) as well as U-nails 102 (see FIG. 12), and the firing pin 103 of the nailing gun (not shown) can smoothly drive the loaded nails out of the nail magazine 100. The nail magazine 100 is comprised of a housing 10, a nailing track 20, a nail guide 30, a stop block 40, a nail clamp 50, and a nail pusher 60.

The housing 10 is comprised of flat, narrow, elongated shells 11 and 12 each having a plurality of grooves extended on the respective inner along the length surface such that when the shells 11 and 12 fastened together, as shown in FIG. 4, a T-nail groove 13 is formed in the upper part of the housing 10 and a receiving chamber 14 is formed in the lower part of the housing 10 for accommodating the nail guide 30. The T-nail groove 13 has a plurality of transverse groove sections 131 disposed at different elevations and respectively adapted to accommodate the head 101a of one of different sizes of T-nails 101 (see also FIG. 9), and one longitudinal groove section 132 adapted to accommodate the nail body 101b of any of the aforesaid different sizes of T-nails 101. The bottom end of the longitudinal groove section 132 is in communication with the aforesaid receiving chamber 14. Further, it is to be understood that the longitudinal groove section 132 of the T-nail groove 13 is disposed in the mid point between the shells 11 and 12 of the housing 10.

The nailing track 20 is fixedly fastened to the front end of the housing 10 with pins 26, as shown in FIGS. 5 and 6. The nailing track 20 comprises a sliding groove 22 longitudinally formed in the front side 21 for guiding vertical movement of the firing pin 103, a bottom notch 23 cut through the front side 21 and the rear side 24

in communication between the bottom end of the sliding groove **22** and the receiving chamber **14**, and a first nail hole **25** longitudinally formed in the sliding groove **22** on the middle and upwardly extended from the bottom notch **23**. The first nail hole **25** has a profile fitting the transverse groove sections **131** and the longitudinal groove section

5    **132**.

The nail guide **30** is a narrow elongated member movable in and out of the aforesaid receiving chamber **14**, having a rear finger tip **31** for the holding of the user's hand, two upright sidewalls **32**, and a guide groove **33** defined between the upright sidewalls **32**. After installation of the nail guide **30** in the housing **10**, the guide groove

10    **33** is set in alignment with the longitudinal groove section **132** of the T-nail groove **13**. The guide groove **33** is adapted to accommodate the lower part of the nail body **101b** of a T-nail **101**. The two upright sidewalls **32** are adapted to support U-nails **102**.

The stop block **40** is fixedly fastened to the front end of the nail guide **30**. After installation of the nail guide **30** in the housing **10**, the stop block **40** is received in

15    the bottom notch **23** of the nailing track **20**, keeping the front side **41** of the stop block **40** in flush with the bottom side of the sliding groove **22**, as shown in FIG. 5. As shown in FIG. 6, the top, left and right sides of the stop block **40** define with the peripheral wall of the bottom notch **23** a second nail hole **42** for receiving an U-nail. The stop block **40** further has a top cut groove **43** downwardly extended from the top

20    side in communication with the first nail hole **25**.

Referring to FIG. 7, the nail clamp **50** is pivoted to the front end of the nail guide **30** by a pivot pin **51**, comprising two parallel clamping walls **52** and **53**. The clamping walls **52** and **53** each have a front side sloping downwardly forwards. When the nail magazine **100** assembled, the clamping walls **52** and **53** have the respective

25    front sides inserted into the top cut groove **43** of the stop block **40**. As shown in FIG. 5,

before down stroke of the firing pin 103, the bottom edges 52a and 53a of the front sides of the clamping walls 52 and 53 protrude over the front side 41 of the stop block 40. During down stroke of the firing pin 103, the firing pin 103 forces the nail clamp 50 to turn about the pivot pin 51 in one direction and to move to the inside of the cut  
5 groove 43, and therefore the nail clamp 50 does not interfere with the firing action of the firing pin 103.

The nail pusher 60 is mounted inside the housing 10, comprising a push member 61 and a spring 62. The push member 61 is comprised of a channel plate 611 and a vertical plate 612. The vertical plate 612 is directly fastened to the channel plate  
10 611. The channel plate 611 is riding on the upright sidewalls 32 of the nail guide 30, having an invertedly disposed U-shaped front push face 611a. The vertical plate 612 has the upper part suspended in the longitudinal groove section 132 of the T-nail groove 13, and the lower part suspended in the guide groove 33 of the nail guide 30, having a longitudinal push face 612a. The spring 62 is adapted to impart a forward  
15 push force to the push member 61, causing the push member 61 to push T-nails 101 or U-nails 102 toward the first nail hole 25 or the second nail hole 42.

The use of the nail magazine 100 with T-nails 101 or U-nails 102 is outlined hereinafter. When T-nails 101 are used and loaded in the nail magazine 100, as shown in FIGS. 8 and 9, they are immediately forced forwards by the longitudinal push face  
20 612a of the vertical plate 612 of the nail pusher 60, thereby causing the first T-nail 101 to protrude over the sliding groove 22 of the nailing track 20 through the first nail hole 25 and the gap between the clamping walls 52 and 53, and at the same time the lower part of the body 101b of the first T-nail 101 is clamped by the bottom edges 52a and 53a of the front sides of the clamping walls 52 and 53 of the nail clamp 50. Because  
25 the body 101b of the T-nail 101 is maintained in coincidence with the axis L of the

path of the firing pin **103**, as shown in FIG. 10, the T-nail **101** is straightly and positively driven into the workpiece (for example, wooden material) upon down stroke of the firing pin **103**.

When U-nails **102** are used and loaded in the nail magazine **100**, as shown in FIG. 11, they are immediately forced forwards by the invertedly disposed U-shaped front push face **611a** of the channel plate **611**, thereby causing the first U-nail **102** to protrude over the sliding groove **22** of the nailing track **20** through the second nail hole **42**, and the first U-nail **102** is straightly and rapidly driven into the workpiece upon down stroke of the firing pin **103** (see FIG. 12).

As indicated above, the invention has the following advantages.

1. The nail magazine **100** is suitable for use with T-nails **101** as well as U-nails **102**. When T-nails **101** are used, the nail body **101b** of the T-nail shifted to the firing position is maintained in coincidence with the axis of the path of the firing pin **103**, and therefore the T-nail can straightly and positively be driven into the workpiece.

2. When T-nails **101** are used and loaded in the nail magazine **100**, the nail clamp **50** holds the nail body **101b** of the T-nail **101** in the firing position for driving by the firing pin **103**, and is smoothly turned away from the path of the firing pin **103** for enabling the T-nail **101** to be driven into the workpiece straightly and positively upon down stroke of the firing pin **103**.

3. The nail magazine **100** fits T-nails of different sizes, more particularly T-nails of length greater than the height of the U-nails.